

OPTEEQ S4/S8 In-system Programmer

User's Manual

OPTEEQ S4/S8 In-system Programmer

User's Manual

v1.82 (updated in Sep. 2024)



Copyright © Opteeq Technologies,Ltd.2024

Thank you for choosing OPTEEQ Technologies.

Before first use, please get acquainted with the software and hardware of this product and read this Manual carefully. This will help reduce accidents and avoid unnecessary losses.

The pictures hereof are all sample ones, and the specific product purchased by the user may be different from that described herein due to model, production batch, applicability and other reasons. OPTEEQ Technologies stays committed to manufacturing premium, efficient and fast products. We reserve the right to change the design, components and techniques at any time.

Copyright © Opteeq Technologies, Ltd.

"LI JIE FENG KE JI", "Opteeq Technologies" and related logos are registered trademarks of Wuxi Opteeq Technologies Co., Ltd.

This document, its right of modification, update and final interpretation, and the sample pictures herein are all owned by Wuxi Opteeq Technologies Co., Ltd., and shall not be published, reproduced or quoted in any way without permission. All other product names, service names, or product identifiers herein belong to their respective owners.

Contents

1	Softwa	are Setup Process	
	1.1	Overview	
	1.2	Software Setup Steps	1
2	Produ	ct Overview	
	2.1	Version Information	6
	2.2	About This Product	6
	2.3	Product Features	6
	2.4	Hardware Features	
	2.5	Software Features	
3	_	are Overview	
O	3.1	Top View of the Programmer	
	3.2	Input Power	
	3.3	Programming Signal Interfaces ISP1 and ISP2	
	3.4	LED indicator	
	3.5	IP Address Reset Button of the Programmer	
	3.6	Programmer Size Figure	
	3.7	Standalone programming accessories	
4		are Overview	
	4.1	Software Setup	
	4.2	Main Interface	
	4.3	Programmer Addition (network interface)	
	4.4	Programmer Connection	
	4.	4.1 IP Address Setting for the Computer Network	15
	4.	4.2 Programmer Connection	17
	4.5	Project Creation	18
	4.6	Project Sending	21
	4.7	Project Management	
	4.8	Program	
	4.9	Programmer Deletion (network interface)	
	4.10	Change programmer IP	
	4.11	Change Programmer Name	
5.		rogramming Serial Number	
J.	5.1	Function Description	
	5.1	Format Description	
	_	· ·	
	5.3	Application Example	
_	5.4	Precautions	
6.		oftware Upgrade and License	
	6.1	Software Upgrade	
	6.2	License	30
7		Schematic Diagram of S4/S8 Programmer	
	7.1	Programming Wire	
	7.2	JTAG_1 Interface	
	7.3	JTAG_2 Interface	
	7.4	JTAG_3 Interface	37
	7.5	DAP Interface	
	7.6	Single-wire BDM Interface	38
	7.7	SPI Interface	
	7.8	Double-wire UART Interface	
	7.9	MDI Interface	
	7.10	HCS Interface	
	7.11	ICSP Interface	
	7.12	SWD Interface	
	7.12	CSI Interface	
	7.13 7.14	IIC Interface	
	7.15	Single-wire UART Interface	
	7.16	Double-wire JTAG Interface	43

8	Use	e of DLL	44
	9.1	Standalone programming accessories	
	9.2	Prerequisite conditions	
	9.3	Offline Program steps	45
10		Precautions	
11			49
	11.1	Contact Information	49

1 Software Setup Process

1.1 Overview

This chapter mainly explains the setup process of the control software (hereinafter referred to as this software) of Series S in-system programmer.

1.2 Software Setup Steps

This software supports such windows operating systems as win7 (32/64 bit), win8 (32/64 bit, win10 (32/64 bit), win11 (32/64 bit).

Notes: As for Win10 operating system, it is needed to disable the driver mandatory signature (also known as disabling digital signature) before software setup. Please search "How to disable the driver mandatory signature in Win10" through the browser.

After the digital signature is disabled, the signature will be enabled automatically when the computer restarts. The setup steps of this software are detailed as follows:

Please read files in the USB flash disk provided by the Company first, and then double-click the setup program folder to access a setup package.

Step 1: Double-click the "setup package", as shown in Figure 1.1.

OpteeQ_Setup_2.1.13.46.exe

Figure 1.1 Step 1 - Double-click the setup package interface

Step 2: Language selection interface, Chinese by default. Click "OK", as shown in Figure 1.2.



Figure 1.2 Step 2

Step 3: Click "Next" in the pop-up interface, as shown in Figure 1.3.



Figure 1.3 Step 3

Step 4: It is available to customize the setup path in the pop-up interface. Click "Next", as shown in Figure 1.4.



Figure 1.4 Step 4

Step 5: Click "Next" in the pop-up interface, as shown in Figure 1.5.



Figure 1.5 Step5

Step 6: Click "Next" in the pop-up interface, as shown in Figure 1.6.

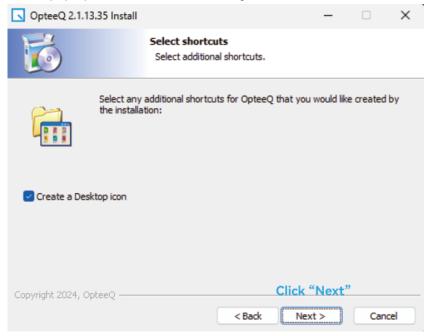


Figure 1.6 Step6

Step 7: Click "Set up" in the pop-up interface, as shown in Figure 1.7.

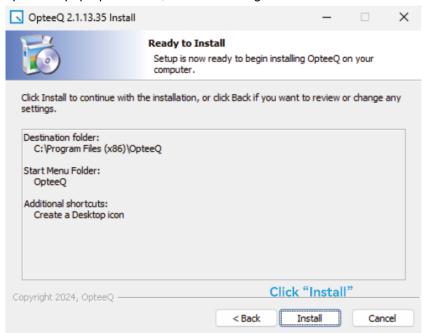


Figure 1.7 Step 7

Step 8: Click "OK" in the pop-up interface, as shown in Figure 1.8.

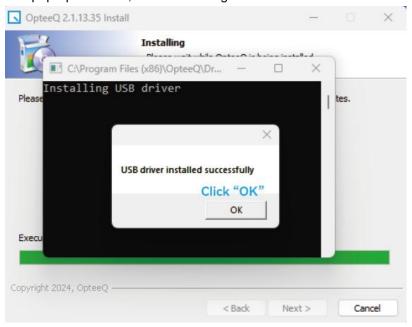


Figure 1.8 Step 8

Step 9: Click "Finish" in the pop-up interface, as shown in Figure 1.9.



Figure 1.9 Step 9

Step 10: After the setup is finished following the above setup steps, an icon of this software will appear on the computer desktop, as shown in Figure 1.10.



Figure 1.10 Step 10 - Desktop Icon of Programmer Software

Step 11: Double-click the desktop icon of the software to pop up its main interface, as shown in Figure 1.11.

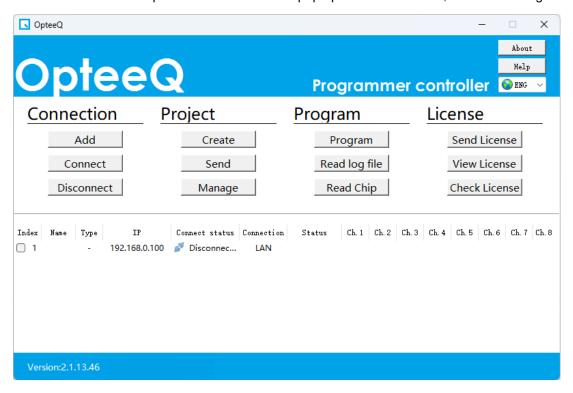


Figure 1.11 Step 11 - Main Interface of Programmer Software

2. Product Overview OPTEEQ Technologies

2 Product Overview

This chapter mainly gives users an access to understand the hardware and software characteristics of OPTEEQ S4/S8 In-system Programmer (hereinafter referred to as the programmer), and quickly master the characteristics of this product.

2.1 Version Information

The version information of the programmer may vary due to software updates and programmer models. After the programmer software is set up and connected, its main interface will be displayed. The user may click "About" in the upper right corner to check the version number information, as shown in Figure 2.1.



Figure 2.1 Version Number Interface

2.2 About This Product

OPTEEQ S4/S8 In-system Programmer, an ultra high-speed, industrial-grade in-system programmer, boasts various characteristics, such as a wide range of support interfaces, rich programming algorithms, stable performance, full protection of the target circuit, good integration and compact size. It can be embedded in a variety of testing devices (ATE, ICT, FCT, tooling and fixtures), and work in either manual or automatic mode. It is applied in testing, production and other links of electronic products, and in quite a few sectors such as industry, home appliances, automobiles and automation engineering. This product is attached with a Chinese technical document, allowing users to enjoy full technical services, and fast and localized support.

2.3 Product Features

- Ultra-high programming speed
- General-purpose programmer, supporting tens of thousands of devices from dozens of semiconductor companies Able to work in standalone manner
- Being combined with various testing devices (such as ATE, ICT and FCT) easily and quickly
- · Compact outline; being embedded in various clamps, fixtures and tooling easily
- Being controlled by an external device to work automatically, or operated manually
- Quick response to user needs, Chinese product manual and Chinese technical support

2.4 Hardware Features

- Programming interface: JTAG, SWD, BDM, DAP, MDI, HCS, ICSP, UART, SPI, I2C, CSI, etc.
- Protections for all I/O interfaces
- Programmable voltage adjustment for all I/O interfaces (1.65V-5.5V)
- Input voltage: 12 V (DC)
- Supporting SD card expansion, with a maximum capacity of 32GB

2. Product Overview OPTEEQ Technologies

• Supporting connection to various external devices (ATE, ICT, FCT, control board and PC) through expansion interfaces

- Control signal with optoelectronic isolation
- Three programming status indication signals with optoelectronic isolation
- Supporting connection with PC via USB or Ethernet
- Full and clear indication of programmer status through LED indicators

2.5 Software Features

- Available in Windows XP/Vista/7/8/10
- · Chinese user interface
- Providing DLL for external software extension
- Full protection of user data
- Enable easy firmware upgrade
- Automatic generation of log files during programming process
- Enable erasing, blank check, programming, reading, verifying, oscillator trimming settings

3 Hardware Overview

3.1 Top View of the Programmer

The main function modules that users need in use include input power, programming signal interfaces ISP1 and ISP2, ATE control signal interface, LED indicator, SD card, USB interface and network interface. Their specific locations are shown in Figure 3.1.



Figure 3.1 Top View of the Programmer

3.2 Input Power

Input power: 12 V (DC)

3.3 Programming Signal Interfaces ISP1 and ISP2

Programming signal: ISP1 and ISP2 interfaces in the programmer are programming interfaces (as shown in Figure 3.2), and have two D-type connectors (plugs) with 68 pins. When the interface said is connected to the programming interface of the target chip through the programming wire offered by the Company, different chips require different programming wiring schematic diagrams correspondingly. For detailed wiring diagrams, please refer to Chapter 7 "Wiring Schematic Diagram of S4/S8 Programmer" herein.

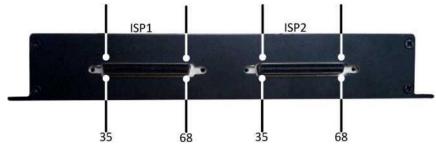


Figure 3.2 Programming Signal Interfaces ISP1 and ISP2

(Notes: The marking number sequence of the pins is shown in Figure 3.2.)

The pin definitions required in the programming process are shown in Table 3.1 and Table 3.2.

ISP1 pin number	ISP1 pin definition	ISP1 pin number	ISP1 pin definition
1	C1Sig0	68	C1Sig1
2	GND	67	GND
3	C1Sig2	66	C1Sig3
4	GND	65	GND
5	C1Sig4	64	C1Sig5
6	GND	63	GND
7	C1Clk	62	V_Tar_Ch1
8	GND	61	GND
9	C2Sig0	60	C2Sig1
10	GND	59	GND
11	C2Sig2	58	C2Sig3
12	GND	57	GND
13	C2Sig4	56	C2Sig5
14	GND	55	GND
15	C2Clk	54	V_Tar_Ch2
16	GND	53	GND
17	VPP_tar	52	VPP tar
18	GND	51	GND
19	C3Sig0	50	C3Sig1
20	GND	49	GND
21	C3Sig2	48	C3Sig3
22	GND	47	GND
23	C3Sig4	46	C3Sig5
24	GND	45	GND
25	C3Clk	44	V_Tar_Ch3
26	GND	43	GND
27	C4Sig0	42	C4Sig1
28	GND	41	GND
29	C4Sig2	40	C4Sig3
30	GND	39	GND
31	C4Sig4	38	C4Sig5
32	GND	37	GND
33	C4Clk	36	V_Tar_Ch4
34	GND	35	GND

Table 3.1 ISP1 Pin Definitions

ISP2 pin number	ISP2 pin definition	ISP2 pin number	ISP2 pin definition
1	C5Sig0	68	C5Sig1
2	GND	67	GND
3	C5Sig2	66	C5Sig3
4	GND	65	GND
5	C5Sig4	64	C5Sig5
6	GND	63	GND
7	C5Clk	62	V Tar Ch5
8	GND	61	GND
9	C6Sig0	60	C6Sig1
10	GND	59	GND
11	C6Sig2	58	C6Sig3
12	GND	57	GND
13	C6Sig4	56	C6Sig5
14	GND	55	GND
15	C6Clk	54	V_Tar_Ch6
16	GND	53	GND
17	VPP_tar	52	VPP_tar
18	GND	51	GND
19	C7Sig0	50	C7Sig1
20	GND	49	GND
21	C7Sig2	48	C7Sig3
22	GND	47	GND
23	C7Sig4	46	C7Sig5
24	GND	45	GND
25	C7Clk	44	V Tar Ch7
26	GND	43	GND
27	C8Sig0	42	C8Sig1
28	GND	41	GND
29	C8Sig2	40	C8Sig3
30	GND	39	GND
31	C8Sig4	38	C8Sig5
32	GND	37	GND
33	C8Clk	36	V_Tar_Ch8
34	GND	35	GND

Table 3.2 ISP2 Pin Definitions

3.4 LED indicator

LED indicators: When the programmer is working, its LED indicators work to indicate its working status. The description of LED indicators and their corresponding signals used in the programming process are as follows: BUSY/programming: When the programmer starts to perform the programming operation, the LED indicator lights up in red; when the programmer completes one time of programming operations, the LED indicator lights up in green.

CHn/Channel n: It is a channel status indicator in red/green. It lights up in red when the programming fails; it lights up in green when the programming is succeeded; it goes out when the programmer is not in use.

LINK/link: It is a linking status LED indicator. When the programmer is connected to a PC normally, the LED indicator lights up; when the programmer is disconnected to a PC, the LED indicator lights off.

POWER/power: It is a power LED indicator. When the system is powered on normally, the LED indicator lights up; when the system is powered off, the LED indicator lights off.

3.5 IP Address Reset Button of the Programmer

The IP address reset button of the programmer is shown in Figure 3.3.

Reset the IP address of the programmer: Power the programmer off first; then press and hold the red reset button in the programmer; finally power the programmer on; wait for 5 s and then release the red reset button to initiate the IP address of the programmer, with the initial IP address of 192.168.0.100.



IP Address Reset Button of the Programmer

Figure 3.3 IP Address Reset Button of the Programmer

3.6 Programmer Size Figure

The size of the programmer is shown in Figure 3.4 and Figure 3.5.

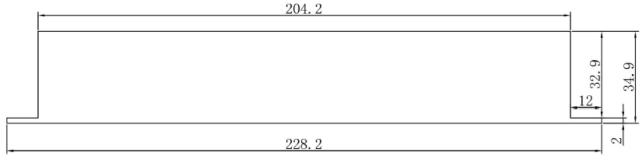


Figure 3.4 Front-view Size of the Programmer (Unit: mm)

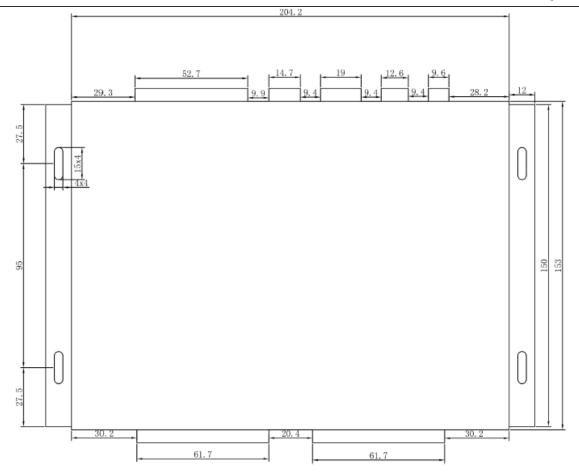


Figure 3.5 Top-view Size of the Programmer (Unit: mm)

3.7 Standalone programming accessories

The standalone programming accessories (S4/S8) is a standard accessory for the programmer. Its specific appearance is shown in the following figure. Its main function is to be used in conjunction with the programmer for offline program. For related operations, please refer to the content of the offline program chapter.



Figure 3.6 Standalone programming accessories

4 Software Overview

This chapter details the use method of the programmer control software.

4.1 Software Setup

Please read files in the USB flash disk provided by the Company first; double-click the setup program folder and double-click the programmer control software setup package; click "Next" buttons with default configurations until the setup is finished. For detailed setup steps, please refer to Chapter 1 "Software Setup Process" hereof.

Notes: As for Win10 operating system, it is needed to disable the driver mandatory signature (also known as disabling digital signature) before software setup.

4.2 Main Interface

Access the main interface after opening the software, as shown in Figure 4.1.

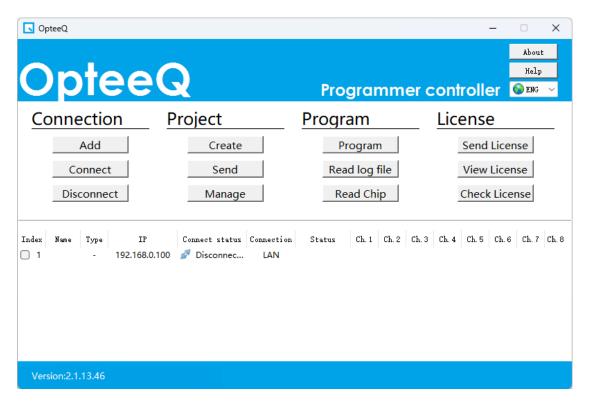
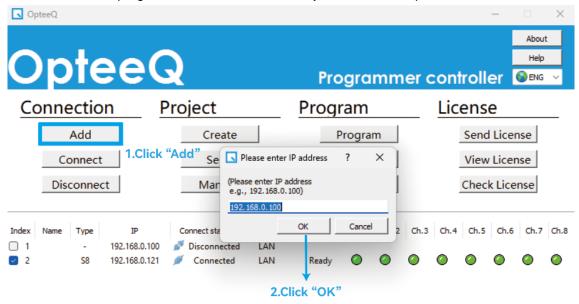


Figure 4.1 Main Interface of the Programmer Control Software

4.3 Programmer Addition (network interface)

In order to connect the programmer to a PC through the network interface, it is needed to add the programmer manually. To be specific, click "Add Programmer" and input the IP address of the programmer to be added in the pop-up dialog box, as shown in Figure 4.2 and Figure 4.3.

The IP address of a new programmer is "192.168.0.100" by default and the port number is 8000.



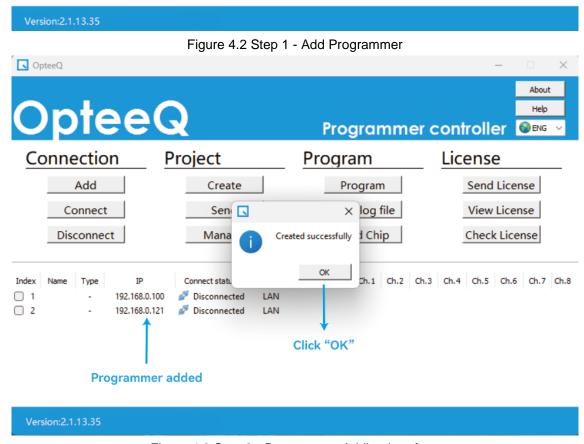


Figure 4.3 Step 2 - Programmer Adding Interface

4.4 Programmer Connection

Connect the programmer to a PC. When the programmer is connected to a PC through the network cable, it is needed to modify the IP address of the computer network or modify the IP address of the programmer before clicking "Connect Programmer" so that the IP addresses of the PC and the programmer fall into the same network segment. The method of modifying the IP address of the computer network is shown as follows.

4.4.1 IP Address Setting for the Computer Network

Set the IP address of the computer network: Take win10 as an example. Place the mouse on the "Network" shortcut icon on the computer desktop \rightarrow right-click and select properties \rightarrow change adapter settings \rightarrow Ethernet (right-click and select properties) \rightarrow double-click the Internet protocol version 4 (TCP/ IPv4) \rightarrow use the following IP address by inputting the address of 192.168.0.133 (this IP address and that of the programmer (192.168.0.100) shall fall into the same network segment, but they are different in the last three digits) \rightarrow click "OK", as shown in Figures 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7 and 4.8.

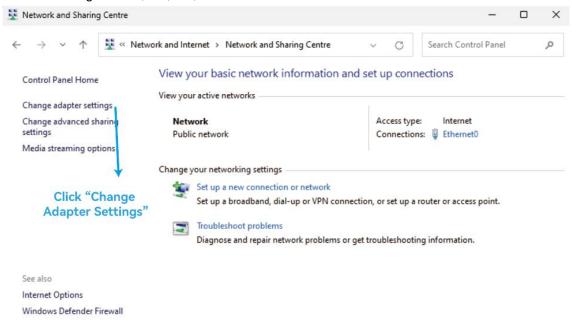


Figure 4.4 Step 1 for Modifying the IP Address of the Computer

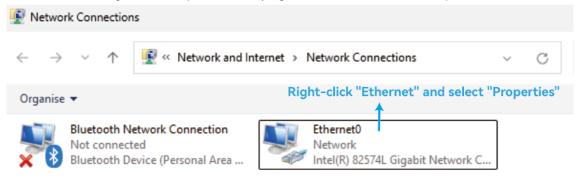


Figure 4.5 Step 2 for Modifying the IP Address of the Computer

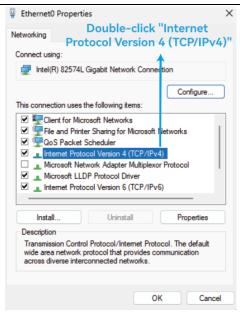


Figure 4.6 Step 3 for Modifying the IP Address of the Computer

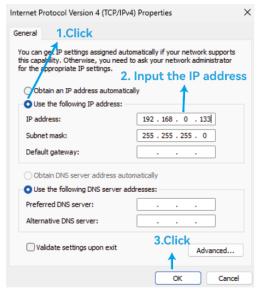


Figure 4.7 Step 4 for Modifying the IP Address of the Computer

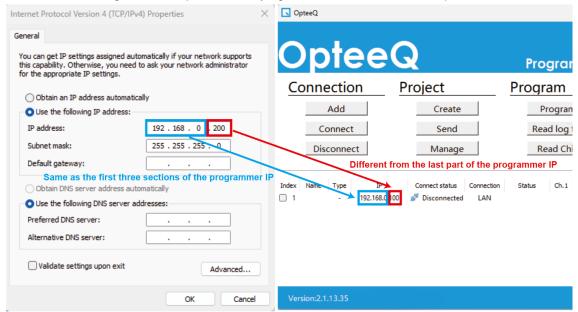
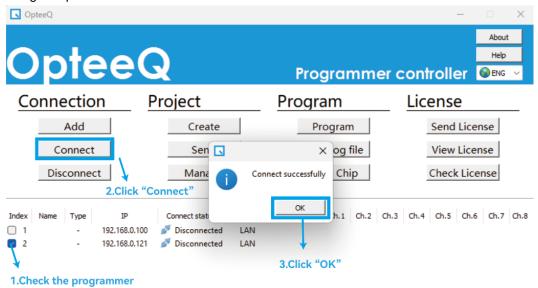


Figure 4.8 Comparison between the IP Addresses of the Computer and the Programmer

4.4.2 Programmer Connection

1) When the programmer is connected to a PC via the network cable, please make sure that the steps in Chapter 4.3 and 4.4.1 have been completed, namely the "Programmer Addition (Network Interface)" and "IP Address Setting for the Computer Network". Then, check the programmer under the corresponding serial number in the main interface of the programmer software before "Programmer Connection". Finally, click "Connect Programmer", as shown in Figure 4.9.

2) The display interface showing that the programmer has been connected successfully is shown in Figure 4.10. When the PC is connected to the programmer successfully, the "LINK/link" LED indicator in the programmer lights up.



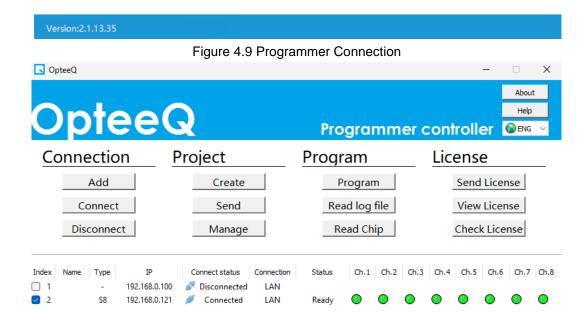


Figure 4.10 Display Interface Showing Successful Connection of the Programmer

4.5 Project Creation

It is needed to create a corresponding project before programming and send the project to the programmer. The specific operations are as follows:

1) Step 1: Click "Create Project" (as shown in Figure 4.11).

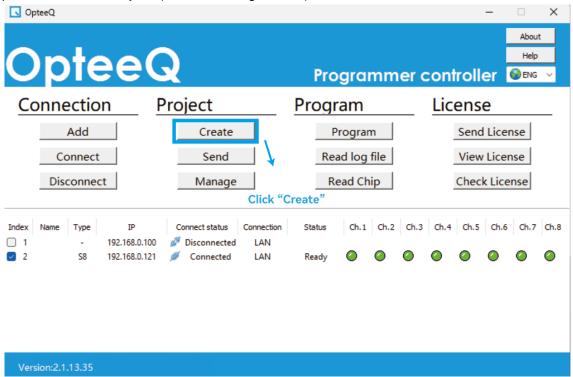


Figure 4.11 Step 1 - Project Creation

2) Step 2: Pop up the "Project Creation Wizard" dialog box, as shown in Figure 4.12.

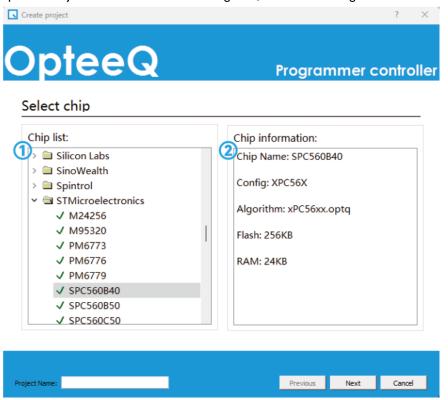


Figure 4.12 Step 2 - Project Creation Interface

It is needed to select a target chip to be programmed in the chip list (as shown in Figure 4.12-1). Show the information of the corresponding chip after a target chip is selected (as shown in Figure 4.12-2).

Click "Next" after confirmation (as shown in Figure 4.12-3).

3) Step 3: Select the programming file (as shown in Figure 4.13).

Notes: The project creation interface varies among different chips.

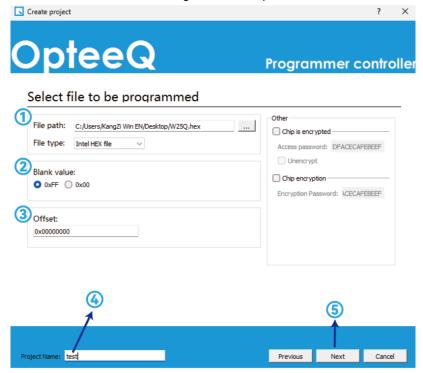


Figure 4.13 Step 3 - Project Creation Interface

It is needed to select the code file to be programmed into the target chip (as shown in Figure 4.13-(1)).

Then, please set the baseline value for programming (as shown in Figure 4.13-2)).

Set the offset value (as shown in Figure 4.13-(3)).

It is needed to input the project name (as shown in Figure 4.13-(4)) after settings above.

Finally, click "Next" (as shown in Figure 4.13-(5)).

Notes: The baseline value (Figure 4.13-2) and offset (Figure 4.13-3) value may be default values, or may be changed according to the user's needs.

4) Step 4: Configure the programmer (as shown in Figure 4.14).

Select the programmer model (as shown in Figure 4.14-1).

Check the programming rate of the programmer (default: 2.5 MHz) (as shown in Figure 4.14-2). Notes: In general, the value set does not exceed 5M as a high value may affect the stability of the signal.

To supply power to the target board, it is needed to check the check box before "Power Supply to the Target Board" (as shown in Figure 4.14-③). Notes: When the programmer does not supply power to the target board, please do not check the check box before "Power Supply to the Target Board".

The item in Figure 4.14-4 is unchecked as it is not used yet.

Finally, click "OK" (as shown in Figure 4.14-(5)) to start creating a project.

If the PC has been connected to the programmer after a project is created successfully, the software will ask the user whether to send the project to the programmer. The user may choose "Yes" to send the project to the programmer.

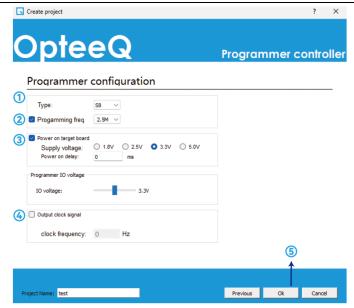


Figure 4.14 Step 4 - Project Creation Interface

4.6 Project Sending

After a project is created, it is needed to send the project to the programmer (if the project has been sent to the programmer after the project is created, please omit this step). Click "Send Project", popping up a dialog box "Open Project File"; select the created project file whose format is sct (the created project is in the "Project" folder under the software setup directory); click "Open" to send the project file to the programmer (as shown in Figure 4.15). The interface showing the project has been sent successfully is shown in Figure 4.16.

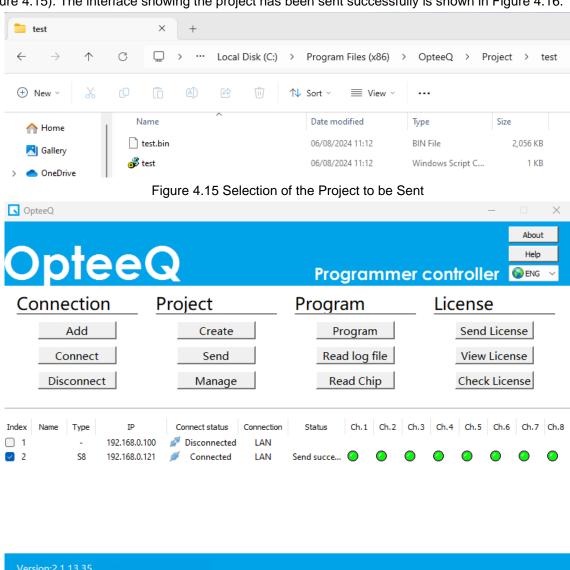


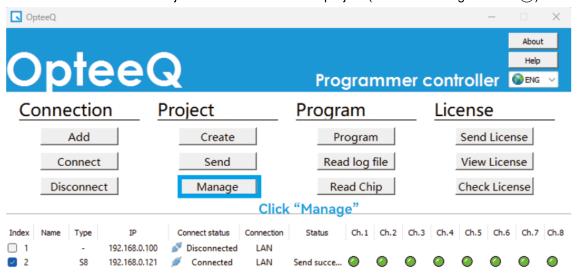
Figure 4.16 Interface Showing Successful Sending of the Project

4.7 Project Management

- 1) Click "Manage Project" (as shown in Figure 4.17).
- 2) Pop up the project list window (as shown in Figure 4.18).

The list gives the names of projects in the current programmer, and it is needed to check the project first (as shown in Figure 4.18-1). Then, click "Delete Project" to delete the checked project (as shown in Figure 4.18-12).

It is also allowed to click "Read Project" to read the checked project (as shown in Figure 4.18-(3)).



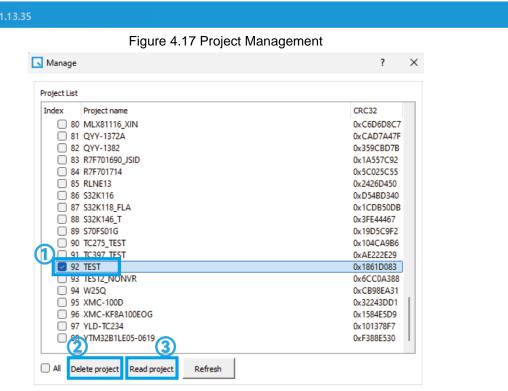


Figure 4.18 Project Management Interface

4.8 Program

After the project is created and sent to the programmer, the corresponding project can be programmed. The specific operations are as follows:

- 1) Click "Program" (as shown in Figure 4.19-(1)).
- 2) Pop up a dialog box "Project to be Programmed" to input the project name to be programmed (as shown in Figure 4.19-(2)).
- 3) Check "Select Channel" in the dialog box. Notes: S8 Programmer allows any combination of Channels 1~8. Application example: Select Channel 1 and Channel 2 for programming (as shown in Figure 4.19-③).
- 4) Click "Import Serial Number from File" to set dynamic data for the chip (for specific operations, please refer to Chapter 5 "Programming Serial Number" herein). If it is not intended to set dynamic data for the chip, this option may be omitted (as shown in Figure 4.19-4).
- 5) Click "OK" to start programming (as shown in Figure 4.19-(5)).

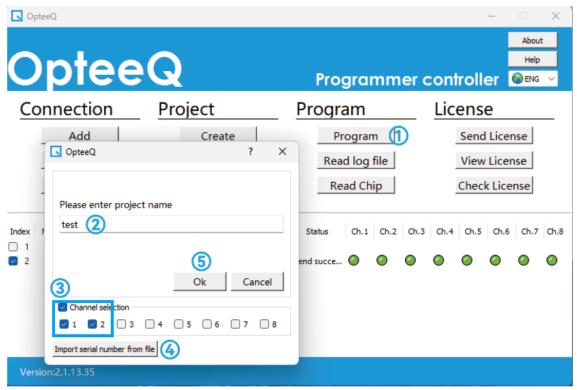
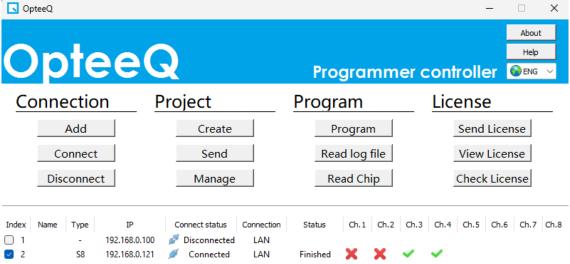


Figure 4.19 Program

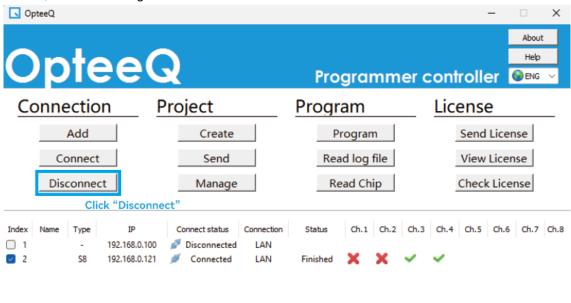
6) When the programmer starts programming, the "BUSY/programming" LED indicator in the programmer turns red. When programming is completed, the programming result is displayed in the software interface. When Channel 1 and Channel 2 are selected for programming, the programming success interface will be displayed, as shown in Figure 4.20.



Version:2.1.13.35

Figure 4.20 Programming Success Interface

7) If the programmer is not used any more after successful programming, please click "Disconnect Programmer", as shown in Figure 4.21.



Version:2.1.13.3!

Figure 4.21 Programmer Disconnection

4.9 Programmer Deletion (network interface)

This operation is only applicable to the programmer using the network interface. When there are redundant programmers in the programmer list, it is allowed to right-click the row where the programmer is located, and click "Delete Programmer" in the pop-up menu, as shown in Figure 4.22.

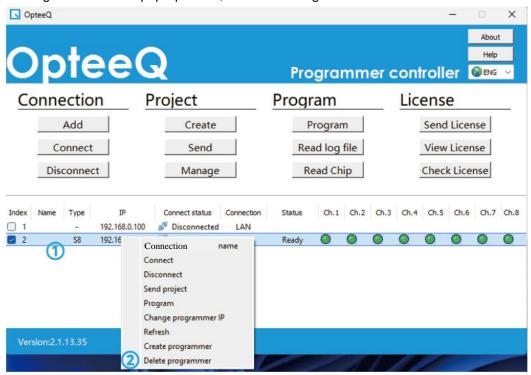


Figure 4.22 Programmer Deletion

4.10 Change programmer IP

This operation is only applicable to the programmer using the network interface, and functions to modify the IP address of the programmer. Right-click the row where the programmer is located, and click "Change programmer IP" in the pop-up menu, as shown in Figure 4.23.



Figure 4.23 Change programmer IP

4.11 Change Programmer Name

This operation functions to modify the programmer name. Right-click the row where the programmer is located; click "Change programmer name" in the pop-up menu; then modify the programmer name in the pop-up window.

Alternatively, it is allowed to modify the programmer name in the pop-up window by double-clicking the row where the programmer is located.

5. Programming Serial Number

5.1 Function Description

To program with the programmer software (host computer), please click "Import Serial Number from File" to import the serial number in order to set dynamic data for the chip, as shown in Figure 5.1.

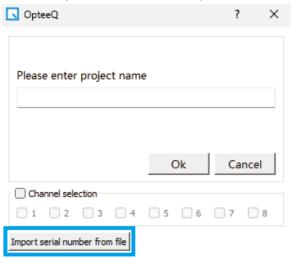


Figure 5.1 Programming Interface

Notes: The programmer will eventually program the serial number data into the FLASH of the chip.

Notes: After each programming operation, regardless of success or failure, the imported serial number will be cleared, and the serial number has to be re-imported.

5.2 Format Description

The serial number file is a TXT text file. The content in the file consists of multiple lines, with each line representing a serial number, as shown in Figure 5.2.

- 1 1,0x00800000,0A214F4301323F191378F5E701203AE7
- 2 1,0x00800100,62D10DE7732D23D002D8
- 3 1,0x00800200,E0DDB26E2B00D0C7E0013208926E2D00
- 4 1,0x00800300,ADE004E0

Figure 5.2 Text Content

The format of each line is shown as follows: channel number, hexadecimal address, and hexadecimal serial number data.

Channel number: It represents the channel to be programmed for the serial number. 1~8 indicates Channel 1 to Channel 8. 0 means that the serial number shall be programmed for all channels.

Hexadecimal address: The address is in hexadecimal format, with no need to add 0x. For instance, 0x00800000 can be replaced with 800000.

Hexadecimal serial number data: The serial number data are in hexadecimal format, and every two characters represent one byte. The minimum size of the serial number data is 1 byte (namely, 2 characters).

5.3 Application Example

Take "1,0x00800000,0A214F4301323F191378F5E701203AE7" as an example:

This line indicates that the programmer selects Programming Channel 1 to start programming the data "0A214F4301323F191378F5E701203AE7" at the address 0x00800000. After successful programming, the data of the starting address 0x00800000 are shown in Figure 5.3.

Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	ASCII
0800000	0A	21	4F	43	01	32	3F	19	-?0C.2?-
800008	13	78	F5	E7	01	20	3d	E7	-X:-
0800010	01	07	01	01	A0	FF	85	80	
0800018	00	F5	B4	B4	1C	26	02	13	&
0800020	0B	E4	FE	05	04	80	80	08	
0800028	20	E5	7C	88	BA	80	0B	00	:
0800030	08	31	32	38	6B	2E	62	69	.128k.bi

Figure 5.3 Application Example

5.4 Precautions

1) Line feed is enabled by 0x0d0a, as shown in Figure 5.4. It shows the hexadecimal data of the TXT file, where 0d 0a is the line break.

Address	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	а	b	С	d	е	f	Dump
00000000	31	2 c	30	78	30	30	33	30	30	30	30	30	2c	30	41	32	1,0x00800000,0A2
00000010	31	34	46	34	33	30	31	33	32	33	46	31	39	31	33	37	14F4301323F19137
00000020	38	46	35	45	37	30	31	32	30	33	41	45	37	0d	0a	31	8F5E701203AE7 <u>1</u>
00000030	2 c	30	78	30	30	38	30	30	31	30	30	2 c	36	32	44	31	,0x00800100, 62D1
00000040	30	44	45	37	37	33	32	44	32	33	44	30	30	32	44	38	0DE7732D23D002D8
00000050	0d	0a	31	2c	30	78	30	30	38	30	30	30	30	30	2c	45	1. 0x00800200.E

Figure 5.4 Description of Line Break

- 2) The commas among channel number, address and data shall be English ones (",").
- 3) There is no sequence between lines and any combination is allowed.
- 4) The number of characters for serial number data shall be even.
- 5) Although there is no limit to the number of characters for serial number data in each line, it is necessary to ensure that the total size of the serial number data taken up by all lines shall not exceed 1,024 bytes.

The size calculation method of the serial number data is shown as follows:

The number of data bytes for each line is: fixed value 12 + number of serial number data bytes (number of characters/2) For example:

Notes: The total size of the serial number data taken up by all lines shall not exceed 1,024 bytes.

[&]quot;4,0x00800000,423456781234AB" takes up 19 bytes (12+7),

[&]quot;0,0x00800104,02345678" takes up 16 bytes (12+4).

[&]quot;1,0x00800000,0A214F4301323F191378F5E701203AE7" takes up 28 bytes (12+16).

6. Software Upgrade and License

6.1 Software Upgrade

Click the new software setup package and keep clicking "Next" buttons. Its setup is conducted following the "Software Setup Process" in Chapter 1.

6.2 License

After the user purchases the chip programming license, he/she needs to add the license to the programmer. The specific operations are as follows:

- 1) Click "Send License" (as shown in Figure 6.1-(1)).
- 2) Pop up a dialog box "Send License".
- 3) Select the license in the dialog. (as shown in Figure 6.1-2).
- 4) Click "Open" and finish adding a license. (as shown in Figure 6.1-3).

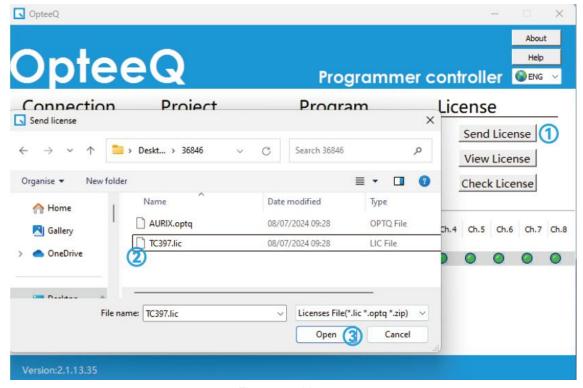


Figure 6.1 License

7 Wiring Schematic Diagram of S4/S8 Programmer

7.1 Programming Wire

This chapter describes the wiring definition of S4/S8 Programmer, and shows the wiring diagram between the programmer and the target chip. One end of S4/S8 programming wire provided by the Company (as shown in Figure 7.1) is connected to the programming signal interface ISP1 or ISP2 of the programmer, and the other end is connected to the target chip (4 pieces of wire for each port, 14 ports in total, are connected to the target chip, sharing the same port definition. The numbering of the programming wire for 14 ports is shown in Figure 7.2).



Figure 7.1 Programming Wire Provided by the Company

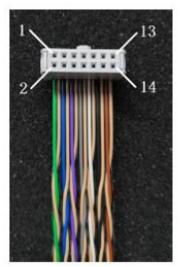


Figure 7.2 Port Number of Programming Wire Provided by the Company

7.2 JTAG_1 Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and JTAG_1 programming interface of the target chip. Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

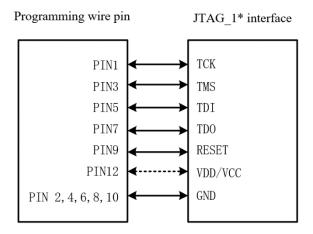


Figure 7.3 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and JTAG_1 Interface

7.3 JTAG 2 Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and JTAG_2 programming interface of the target chip. Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

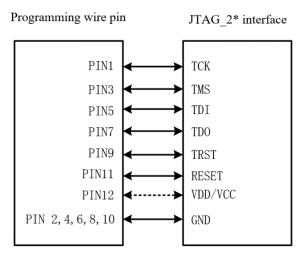


Figure 7.4 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and JTAG_2 Interface

7.4 JTAG_3 Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and JTAG_3 programming interface of the target chip. Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

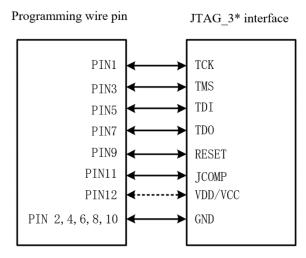


Figure 7.5 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and JTAG_3 Interface

7.5 DAP Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and DAP programming interface of the target chip.

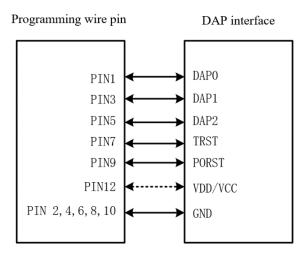


Figure 7.6 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and DAP Interface

7.6 Single-wire BDM Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and single-wire BDM programming interface of the target chip. Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

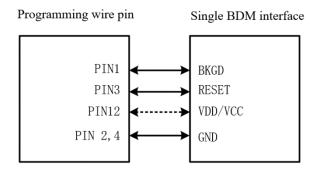


Figure 7.7 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and Single-wire BDM Interface

7.7 SPI Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and SPI programming interface of the target chip.

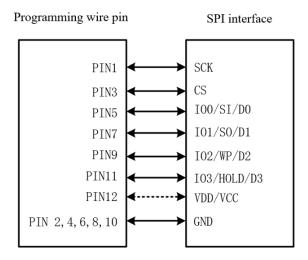


Figure 7.8 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and SPI Interface

7.8 Double-wire UART Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and double-wire UART programming interface of the target chip.

Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

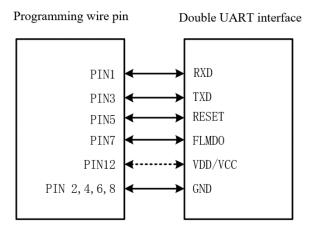


Figure 7.9 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and Double-wire UART Interface

7.9 MDI Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and MDI programming interface of the target chip.

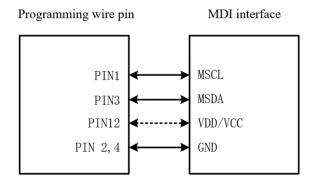


Figure 7.10 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and MDI Interface

7.10 HCS Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and HCS programming interface of the target chip.

Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

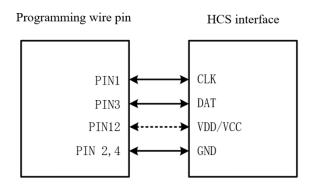


Figure 7.11 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and HCS Interface

7.11 ICSP Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and ICSP programming interface of the target chip.

Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to

choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

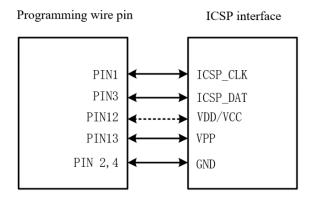


Figure 7.12 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and ICSP Interface

7.12 SWD Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and SWD programming interface of the target chip.

Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

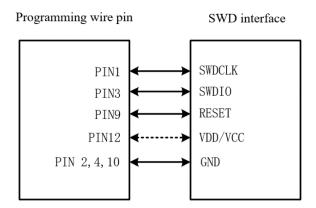


Figure 7.13 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and SWD Interface

7.13 CSI Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and CSI programming interface of the target chip.

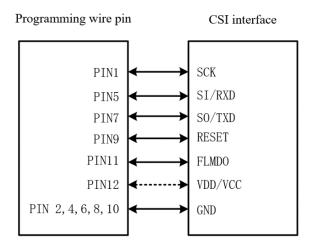


Figure 7.14 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and CSI Interface

7.14 IIC Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and IIC programming interface of the target chip.

Notes: If the target chip is not powered by the programmer, an external power is required. It is required to choose either an external power or the programmer power. That is, the target chip shall not be powered by both power sources at the same time.

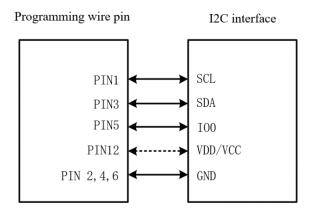


Figure 7.15 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and I2C Interface

7.15 Single-wire UART Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and single-wire UART programming interface of the target chip.

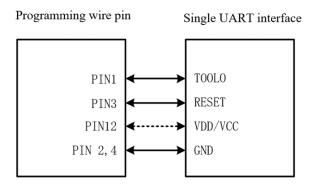


Figure 7.16 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and Single-wire UART Interface

7.16 Double-wire JTAG Interface

Different wiring diagrams are designed for different chips. The following figure shows the connection between the programming wire provided by the Company and double-wire JTAG programming interface of the target chip.

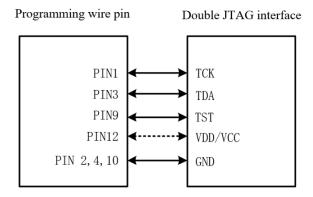


Figure 7.17 Connection between S4/S8 Programming Wire and Double-wire JTAG Interface

OPTEEQ Technologies 8. Use of DLL

8 Use of DLL

In order to enable the programming function in the programs of users (such as test programs programmed in C, C#, C++, LabView, etc.), DLL files and a set of APIs are provided for users. For specific content, please refer to the document *DLL User's Manual of OPTEEQ Series S In-system Programmer*.

Please read files in the USB flash disk provided by the Company, and then double-click the DLL folder to check the DLL User's Manual of OPTEEQ Series S In-system Programmer.

9. Offline Program OPTEEQ Technologies

9. Offline Program

The programmer supports offline program, which means that the chip can be programmed without being connected to the computer. The programmer can perform offline programming by connecting the standalone programming accessories(S4/S8).

9.1 Standalone programming accessories

One end of standalone programming accessories(S4/S8) is a 25-pin plug, which is used to connect to the "ATE" interface of the programmer. The other end is a press button, which is used to start offline programming.



Figure 9.1 Standalone programming accessories

9.2 Prerequisite conditions

Before conducting offline programming, the following requirements must be met:

- 1. The standalone programming accessories(S4/S8) has been purchased.
- 2. The programmer has been upgraded. It can be judged based on the following situations:
- If both the programmer and the standalone programming accessories(S4/S8) are purchased simultaneously for the first time, the programmer has been upgraded at the time of shipment and meets the requirements of offline programming.
- If the standalone programming accessories(S4/S8) is purchased after the programmer is bought, the programmer needs to be returned to the factory for upgrading to meet the requirements of offline programming.

Notes: It is strictly prohibited to disassemble the equipment or use non-official website standard accessories without authorization. Our company will not be held responsible for any consequences resulting therefrom.

9.3 Offline Program steps

After confirming that the programmer meets the offline programming requirements, please start the operation according to the following steps:

- 1. Supply power to the programmer. Please refer to the hardware connection to connect the POWER supply, network cable and target device. The programmer will start to supply power. The indicator lights "POWER" and "LINK" will be constantly red, while "BUSY" and "CHn" will be constantly green.
- 2. Add a programmer. Please refer to Programmer Addition in the OpteeQ software to add a programmer.
- 3. Connect the programmer. Please refer to <u>Programmer Connection</u> in the OpteeQ software to connect the programmer. The indicator light "LINK" of the programmer will turn green and remain constantly on.
- 4. Offline programming project. The offline programming project is the project file used during offline programming. It has a fixed name "EXTER00". After the Settings are completed, all channels will program this project. There are two ways to generate an offline programming project:
- Create a new project as an offline programming project.
- (1). Please refer to <u>Project Creation</u> in the OpteeQ software to create a project named "EXTER00". The project name is case-insensitive and cannot be modified.
- (2). Sending project. Please refer to <u>Project Sending</u> in the OpteeQ software and send the project "EXTER00" to the programmer.
- Treat the existing project as an offline programming project. On the home page of the OpteeQ software, check the programmer, click on "Manage" in the OpteeQ software, select the project and right-click to choose "Set as offline project", generating a new project named "EXTER00".

OPTEEQ Technologies 9. Offline Program

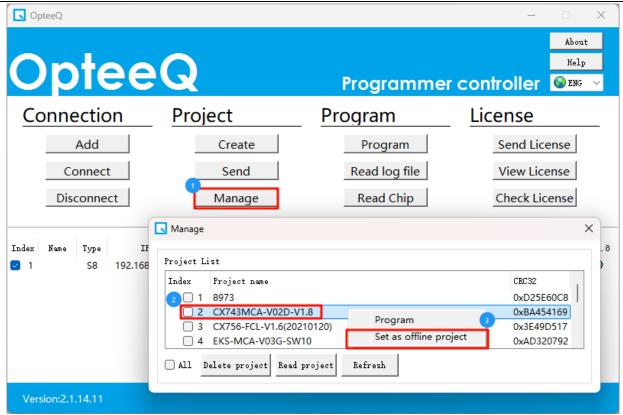
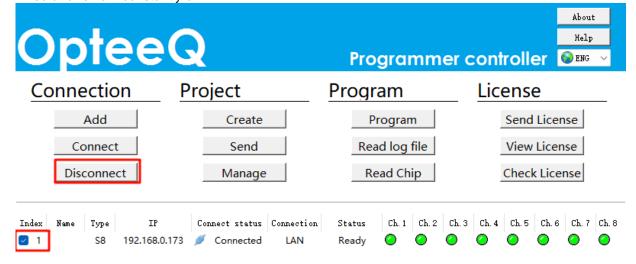


Figure 9.2 Set as offline project

5. Disconnect the programmer. On the home page of the OpteeQ software, check the programmer, click "Connection > Disconnect", disconnect the connection, and the programmer indicator light "LINK" will turn red and remain constantly on.



Version:2.1.14.11

Figure 9.3 Disconnect

- 6. Connect the programmer to the standalone programming accessories. Connect the 25-pin plug of the offline programming component to the "ATE" interface of the programmer.
- 7. Start programming. Press the press button of the offline programming component to start the offline programming. The programmer indicator light "BUSY" turns red and "CHn" flashes green.
- 8. The programming process is complete.
- If the programming is successful, the programmer indicator light status will change from "BUSY" and

9. Offline Program OPTEEQ Technologies

"CHn" to green and constantly on.

• If the programming fails, the status of the programmer indicator light will be "BUSY", which remains green and constantly on, and "CHn", which remains red and constantly on. After the programming fails, you can connect the programmer to the OpteeQ software, check the logs and confirm the cause of the failure.

11. Help and Support OPTEEQ Technologie

10 Precautions

• Please complete the connection of hardware circuits before turning on the power to avoid damage to the hardware.

- Non-professionals are not allowed to disassemble the shell. In case of special needs (such as the need to embed the programmer into a specific device), please contact technical support personnel.
- Do not use the programmer in high-temperature and humid environment. Please keep the programmer away from water and dust, and prevent physical collision.
- Please do not modify or crack the software and hardware of this product without authorization. In case of any hardware modification or software cracking by users, it is deemed that users give up their rights to enjoy aftersales services and support provided for this product. Furthermore, OPTEEQ Technologies does not bear any consequences for the losses due to hardware modification or software cracking by users.

10. Precautions OPTEEQ Technologies

11 Help and Support

11.1 Contact Information

For any problems or questions when using this Manual or our products, please contact us for help. Our contact information is as follows:

• Tel.: 0510-81813667

• Website: www.opteeq.com

• E-mail: contact@opteeq.com.cn

For any questions or suggestions, please call our technical support hotline. We will provide you with necessary services and support.

Contact us

• Tel.: 0510-81813667

• Website: www.opteeq.com

• E-mail: contact@opteeq.com